# Do we need a registry for IP geolocation information?

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#### Background

Content providers increasingly wish to tailor their content to the geographic location of the viewer E.g., language, relevance, rights management To facilitate this goal, content providers use IP to geolocation mapping data that comes from Proprietary commercial databases (e.g. MaxMind or IP2Location) Mining of Whois data Sophisticated Heuristic guessing This works quite well most of the time, but ...

### The Problem

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#### The Problem

# When we're actually here

And should get this version of the page





# To:nanog@nanog.orgSubject:New netblock Geolocate wrong (Google)

I just lit up a new IP netblock (assigned directly from ARIN) and the companies that provide Geolocate databases do not have the correct location information available yet.

#### Specifically Maxmind thinks we are in Canada and IP2LOCATION has no data.

For the most part this is benign or at worst slightly impacting since I often get redirected to global load balance nodes up in Canada instead of locally in the North West, however, the more major issue I am running into is that **Google chooses to redirect all my users to http://www.google.ca** 

So my questions to others are:

1. How do I get my data updated in all of the geolocation providers databases as quickly as possible?

2. What geolocate database does Google use (is it homegrown?) and how do I get them to update my data?

## To:nanog@nanog.orgSubject:Google/Yahoo - Geo-Location Issues

#### Hi all.

**Grateful if someone from Google and Yahoo can contact me** off-list re: some geo-location issues with their web sites, our side of the world.

E-mail to the 'noc@' addresses seem to have > /dev/null'ed.

#### To: nanog@nanog.org

Subject: Geolocation contact for Bing/Microsoft?

**Can someone from Bing/MS contact me** about correcting Geolocation info for some IP's. Folks are erroneously getting redirected - and I can't find any info about how to get it fixed.

#### In Summary

Things work pretty well most of the time

But when things don't work ...
ISP customers are getting the wrong content
ISP employees are scrambling to try and find the right contact method for each content provider

Perhaps there is a better way

### A Case for Optimism

Content providers want to deliver geographically appropriate content

- Geolocation database providers want their databases to be accurate
- End-users (almost always) want to get content that is appropriate for their geography
- ISPs want their customers to get geographically appropriate content

So maybe we just need a standard way for ISPs to tell people where their networks are located

### Why not make a registry?

#### Let's make a registry

We already tell people a lot about our IP address allocations

What organizations they're registered to
What ASNs will be originating them
Who to contact if there's trouble
Geolocation information is just another data element
Provide real data instead of guesses
ISPs can control how much information is revealed
Complement other techniques
More general than GPS, more reliable than latency-based

### Possibility #1: Extend WHOIS

inetnum:	193.0.24.0 - 193.0.31.255
netname:	RIPE-MEETINGS
located:	WESTIN-EXCELSIOR-ROME

geoloc: WESTIN-EXCELSIOR-ROME
address: Via Vittorio Veneto 125
address: Roma 00187
country: IT

### Possibility #1: Extend WHOIS

#### **Positives:**

Re-uses existing databases, tools, provisioning systems
 Easy to tie into existing structures for describing IP address blocks

#### □Negatives:

- Have to update existing databases, tools, provisioning systems
- Unstructured location data format ambiguous parsing

#### Privacy

Location information is generally sensitive stuff
 Coarse location less so
 Precise location much more so
 Lots of interesting questions around how to manage privacy
 Solution: Let ISPs solve the problem, not WHOIS

### Possibility #2: Location Server URL

inetnum: 193.0.24.0 - 193.0.31.255
netname: RIPE-MEETINGS
loc-server: http://example.com/loc/

### Possibility #2: Location Server URL

<locationRequest> <device><prefix>169.223.0.0/16</prefix></device> </locationRequest>

<le><locationResponse> <presence> <tuple><status><geopriv><location-info><civicAddress> <country>IT</country> <A3>Roma</A3> </civicAddress></location-info></geopriv></status></tuple> </presence> <locationUriSet> <locationURI>http://example.com/ripe61loc<locationURI> </locationUriSet> </locationResponse>

### Possibility #2: Location Server URL

#### Positives:

- More structured format for location info, especially for geospatial information (coordinates)
- Better support for Internationalization
- Privacy:
  - WHOIS doesn't contain anything private
  - ISP decides what to provide to whom

#### Negatives:

- Much more verbose
- New database, tools, provisioning systems

### A Registry is Not a Panacea

Registry would not replace existing location products Although a registry could improve such products by giving them with a centralized source of operator-provided data Operator-provided data has no guarantee of accuracy Although most of the data would likely be correct • Operators likely have good location data for their networks • Operators have an incentive to provide correct information Even if not perfectly accurate, such data is a valuable input into the determination of IP-geolocation mappings In cases where regulation calls for accurate data, additional validation would certainly be required (e.g. tax jurisdictions)



□ Is there a problem here to solve?

Are either of the proposed solutions worth doing?

Would you contribute data for your network?

# Thank You